## 🐞 501-3. Meters, Instruments, and Relays

(a) Class I, Division 1. In Class I, Division 1 locations, meters, instruments, and relays, including kilowatt-hour meters, instrument transformers, resistors, rectifiers, and thermionic tubes, shall be provided with enclosures approved for Class I, Division 1 locations.

Enclosures approved for Class I, Division 1 locations include explosionproof enclosures and purged and pressurized enclosures.

FPN: See Standard for Purged and Pressurized Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, NFPA 496-1998.

(b) Class I, Division 2. In Class I, Division 2 locations, meters, instruments, and relays shall comply with the following.

(1) Contacts. Switches, circuit breakers, and make-and-break contacts of pushbuttons, relays, alarm bells, and horns shall have enclosures approved for Class I, Division 1 locations in accordance with Section 501-3(a).

Exception: General-purpose enclosures shall be permitted, if current-interrupting contacts are

a. Immersed in oil, or

b. Enclosed within a chamber that is hermetically sealed against the entrance of gases or vapors, or

c. In nonincendive circuits, or

d. Part of a listed nonincendive component.

(2) **Resistors and Similar Equipment.** Resistors, resistance devices, thermionic tubes, rectifiers, and similar equipment that are used in or in connection with meters, instruments, and relays shall comply with Section 501-3(a).

Exception: General-purpose-type enclosures shall be permitted if such equipment is without make-and-break or sliding contacts [other than as provided in (b)(1)] and if the maximum operating temperature of any exposed surface will not exceed 80 percent of the ignition temperature in degrees Celsius of the gas or vapor involved or has been tested and found incapable of igniting the gas or vapor. This exception shall not apply to thermionic tubes.

(3) Without Make-or-Break Contacts. Transformer windings, impedance coils, solenoids, and other windings that do not incorporate sliding or make-or-break contacts shall be provided with enclosures. General-purpose-type enclosures shall be permitted.

(4) General-Purpose Assemblies. Where an assembly is made up of components for which general-purpose enclosures are acceptable as provided in (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3), a single general-purpose enclosure shall be acceptable for the assembly. Where such an assembly includes any of the equipment described in (b)(2), the maximum obtainable surface temperature of any component of the assembly shall be clearly and permanently indicated on the outside of the enclosure. Alternatively, approved equipment shall be permitted to be marked to indicate the

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temperature range for which it is suitable, using the identification numbers of Table 500-5(d).

(5) Fuses. Where general-purpose enclosures are permitted in (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4), fuses for overcurrent protection of instrument circuits not subject to overloading in normal use shall be permitted to be mounted in general-purpose enclosures if each such fuse is preceded by a switch complying with (b)(1).

(6) Connections. To facilitate replacements, process control instruments shall be permitted to be connected through flexible cord, attachment plug, and receptacle, provided the following:

1. A switch complying with (b)(1) is provided so that the attachment plug is not depended on to interrupt current; and

2. The current does not exceed 3 amperes at 120 volts, nominal; and

3. The power-supply cord does not exceed 3 ft (914 mm), is of a type approved for extra-hard usage or for hard usage if protected by location, and is supplied through an attachment plug and receptacle of the locking and grounding type; and

4. Only necessary receptacles are provided; and

5. The receptacle carries a label warning against unplugging under load.